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Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May June

ELA Instructional Shifts	SBAC Claims										
1. Building knowledge through content rich non-fiction 2. Reading, Writing, & Speaking grounded in evidence from text both literary and non-fiction 3. Engage with complex text and its academic vocabulary	<ul> <li>1-Students can read closely and critically to comprehend a range of increasingly complex literary and information texts.</li> <li>2-Students can produce effective and well-grounded writing for a range of purpose and audiences.</li> <li>3- Students can employ effective speaking and listening skills for a range of purpose and audiences</li> <li>4- Students can engage in research and inquiry to investigate topics, and to analyze, integrate and present information</li> </ul>										
Reading Standards for Literature K (RL)											
Key Ideas & Details											
<b>1.</b> Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.											
<b>2.</b> Recount stories, including, fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.											
<b>3.</b> Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.											
Craft & Structure											
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from non-literal language. (See grade 3 Language standards 4-6 on pages 28 for additional expectations.)											
<b>5.</b> Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections.											
<b>6.</b> Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters.											
Integration of Knowledge & Ideas											
7. Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create mood, emphasize aspects of a character or setting).											
8. (Not applicable to literature)											
<b>9.</b> Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the											



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same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).											
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity		I		T	T	1	T	T	ı	1	
By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories,											
dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.											
Reading Standards for Informational Text K (RI)											
Key Ideas & Details											
1. Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring											
explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.											
2. Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they											
support the main idea.											
<b>3.</b> Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains											
to time, sequence, and cause/effect.											
Craft & Structure											
4. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and											
phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area. (See grade 3											
Language standards 4-6 on pages 28 for additional expectations.)											
5. Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to											
locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.											
6. Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.											
Integration of Knowledge & Ideas							1	1	l .		
7. Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the											
words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when,											
why, and how key events occur).											
8. Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in											
a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).											
<b>9.</b> Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in											
two texts on the same topic.											
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity											
10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including											
history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3											

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text complexity band independently and proficiently.									
Reading Standards: Foundational Skills K (RF)									
Print Concepts	<u> </u>	T	T	T	1			T	
1. (Not applicable)									
Phonological Awareness									
2. (Not applicable)									
Phonics & Word Recognition									
3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words									
both in isolation and in text.									
a. Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and									
derivational suffixes.									
b. Decode words with common Latin suffixes.									
c. Decode multi-syllable words.									
d. Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.									
Fluency									
4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.									
a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.									
b. Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and									
expression on successive readings.									
c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding,									
re-reading as necessary.									
Writing Standards K (W)									
Text Types & Purposes									
1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.									
a. Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and									
create an organizational structure that lists reasons.									
b. Provide reasons that support the opinion.									
c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example)									
to connect opinion and reasons.									
d. Provide concluding statement or section.									
2. Write informative / explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and									
information clearly.									



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a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include											
illustrations when useful to aiding comprehension.											
<b>b.</b> Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.											
<b>c.</b> Use linking words and phrases (e.g., <i>also, another, and, more, but</i> ) to											
connect ideas within categories of information.											
<b>d.</b> Provide a concluding statement or section.											
<b>3.</b> Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using											
effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.											
<b>a.</b> Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/ or characters; organize an											
event sequence that unfolds naturally.											
<b>b.</b> Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop											
experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations.											
c. Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. Provide a sense of											
closure.											
Production & Distribution of Writing						_					
<b>4.</b> With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the											
development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-											
specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)											
5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen											
writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions											
should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including											
grade 3 on pages 28 and 29.)											
<b>6.</b> With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish											
writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with											
others.											
Research to Build & Present Knowledge											
7. Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.											
<b>8.</b> Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital											
sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories											
9. (Begins in grade 4)											
Range of Writing		_	_		1		_		<u> </u>		<u> </u>



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<b>10.</b> Write routinely over extended time frames ( <i>time for research, reflection, and revision</i> ) and shorter time frames ( <i>a single sitting or a day or two</i> ) for a range of disciplinespecific tasks, purposes, and audiences.													
Speaking & Listening Standards K (SL)													
Comprehension & Collaboration													
<ol> <li>Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.         <ol> <li>Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.</li> <li>Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).</li> <li>Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay on topic, and link their comments to the remarks of others.</li> <li>Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually,</li> </ol>													
quantitatively, and orally.  3. Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering													
appropriate elaboration and detail.													
Presentation of Knowledge & Ideas													
<ul> <li>4. Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.</li> <li>a. Plan and deliver an informative/explanatory presentation on a topic that: <ul> <li>organizes ideas around major points of information, follows a logical sequence, includes supporting details, uses clear and specific vocabulary, and provides a strong conclusion.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>													
5. Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance													

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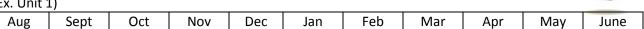
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certain facts or details.											
6. Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide											
requested detail or clarification. (See grade 3 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 28 and 29 for specific expectations.)											
Language Standards K (L)											
Conventions of Standard English											
1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and											
usage when writing or speaking.											
a. Write legibly in cursive or joined italics, allowing margins and correct											
spacing between letters in a word and words in a sentence.											
<b>b.</b> Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in											
general and their functions in particular sentences.											
c. <u>Use reciprocal pronouns correctly</u>											
<b>d.</b> Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.											
e. Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood)											
<b>f.</b> Form and use regular and irregular verbs.											
<b>g.</b> Form and use the simple (e.g., <i>I walked; I walk; I will walk</i> ) verb tenses.											
h. Ensure subject-verb and pronoun antecedent agreement.*											
i. Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and											
choose between them depending on what is to be modified.											
j. Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.											
k. Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.											
2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization,											
punctuation, and spelling when writing.											
a. Capitalize appropriate words in titles.											
<b>b.</b> Use commas in addresses.											
c. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue.											
d. Form and use possessives.  Les conventional spalling for high fraguency and other studied words and											
e. Use conventional spelling for high frequency and other studied words and											
for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., <i>sitting, smiled, cries, happiness</i> ). <b>f.</b> Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-											
based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in											
based spennigs, synable patterns, ending rules, incamingful word parts) in		1	<u> </u>							1	1



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writing words.											
g. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to											
check and correct spellings.											
Knowledge of Language											
3. 3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing,											
speaking, reading, or listening.											
a. Choose words and phrases for effect.*											
b. Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken											
and written standard English.											
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use											
4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and											
phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of											
strategies.											
a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.											
<b>b.</b> Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is											
added to a known word (e.g., agreeable /disagreeable, comfortable											
/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).											
c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with											
the same root (e.g., company, companion).											
<b>d.</b> Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine											
or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases in all content											
<u>areas.</u>											
<b>5.</b> Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word											
meanings.											
<b>a.</b> Distinguish the literal and non-literal meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g., <i>take steps</i> ).											
<b>b.</b> Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe											
people who are <i>friendly</i> or <i>helpful</i> ).											
c. Distinguish shades of meaning among related words that describe states of											
mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected, heard,											
wondered).											
<b>6.</b> Acquire and use accurately grade appropriate conversational, general academic,											
and domain specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and											
temporal relationships (e.g., After dinner that night we went looking for them).											

(In the space provided, list the name of the unit in which the standard will be taught. Ex. Unit 1)



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